

#### Dispersion Compensation Modules

### **Key**Features

Dispersion compensation for ITU-T G.655 fiber

Wide band slope dispersion compensation

Multiple slope compensation values available in the C & L band

Low loss

Low PDL

High FOM (Figure of Merit)

### **Applications**

High bit rate systems

Long Haul and Ultra Long Haul networks

DWDM transmission

#### For moreInfo

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## 2005 DCM

### Wide Band Dispersion Compensation Modules Non-zero Dispersion Shifted Fiber

The 2005 DCM product family from 3SPGroup provides compensation for the chromatic dispersion which is generated when a signal propagates along non-zero dispersion shifted single-mode fibers (ITU-T G.655).

As signal properties are restored when it travels through the dispersion compensation module it becomes possible to extend transmission lengths in high bit rate DWDM systems.

Modules are built with a negative dispersion fiber; they are proposed for a variety of slope compensation levels in the C and L bands to optimize transmission performance on market available fibers.

Customized models are available upon request.

This product has undergone a dedicated qualification program.



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#### **TECHNICAL** SPECIFICATIONS\*

Parameters	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Environmental	1 Martin	X			
Operating temperature	T <sub>op</sub>	-5	V - 1	+70	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>sto</sub>	-40	a - X	+75	°C
Optical		ANN X	N	10	
Operating wavelengths		AXA -	XX		
• C band	λ <sub>op</sub>	1525		1565	nm
L band	The	1570		1610	
SBS threshold	P <sub>SBS</sub>	6		X- 1	dBm

#### TYPE 1 COMPENSATION

Compensation for C-band			X		Unit
Compensation distance	20	40	60	80	km
Dispersion @1550nm	-90 ± 3	-180 ± 6	-270 ± 9	-360 ± 11	ps/nm
Residual dispersion slope @1550nm		nm <sup>-1</sup>			
Insertion loss @1550nm	≤3.0	≤3.8	≤4.5	≤5.3	dB
Polarization dependant loss - PDL		$dB_{p-p}$			
PMD (1)	≤0.4	≤0.5	≤0.5	≤0.6	ps
Non linear coefficient $-n_2 / A_{eff}$	T	1/W			
Fiber effective area @1550nm - A <sub>eff</sub>		11 min -	13 typical		m²

Compensation for L-band			X		Unit		
Compensation distance	20	40	60	80	km		
Dispersion @1590nm	-160 ± 5	-320 ± 10	-480 ± 15	-640 ± 20	ps/nm		
Residual dispersion slope @1590nm		0.011 ± 20%					
Insertion loss @1590nm	≤3.3	≤4.6	≤5.8	≤7.1	dB		
Polarization dependant loss - PDL		≤0.10					
PMD (1)	≤0.4	≤0.6	≤0.7	≤0.7	ps		
Non linear coefficient $-n_2 / A_{eff}$	1.6 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> typical - 2.1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> max				1/W		
Fiber effective area @1590nm - A <sub>eff</sub>	1	m²					

(1) PMD is an averaged value over the specified wavelength range for each band using the Jones Matrix method

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### **TYPE 2** COMPENSATION

Compensation for C-band			X		Unit	
Compensation distance	20	40	60	80	km	
Dispersion @1550nm	-160 ± 5	-320 ± 10	-480 ± 15	-640 ± 20	ps/nm	
Residual dispersion slope @1550nm		0.0065 ± 20%				
Insertion loss @1550nm	≤2.9	≤3.8	≤4.7	≤5.7	dB	
Polarization dependant loss - PDL			0.10		dB <sub>p-p</sub>	
PMD (1)	≤0.4	≤0.6	≤0.6	≤0.7	ps	
Non linear coefficient $-n_2 / A_{eff}$	T	1.5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> typical	- 1.9 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> max		1/W	
Fiber effective area @1550nm - A <sub>eff</sub>	1	15 min -	17 typical	X	m <sup>2</sup>	

Compensation for L-band			X		Unit
Compensation distance	20	40	60	80	km
Dispersion @1590nm	-200 ± 6	$-400 \pm 12$	-600 ± 18	-800 ± 24	ps/nm
Residual dispersion slope @1590nm		0.0052	2 ± 20%		nm <sup>-1</sup>
Insertion loss @1590nm	≤3.1	≤4.2	≤5.3	≤6.4	dB
Polarization dependant loss - PDL		≤0.10			
PMD (1)	≤0.5	≤0.6	≤0.7	≤0.8	ps
Non linear coefficient $-n_2 / A_{eff}$	The	1.4 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> typical - 1.9 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> max			
Fiber effective area @1590nm - A <sub>eff</sub>	1	15 min – 18 typical			

(1) PMD is an averaged value over the specified wavelength range for each band using the Jones Matrix method

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#### TYPE 3 COMPENSATION

Compensation for C-band					Unit	
Compensation distance	20	40	60	80	km	
Dispersion @1550nm	-90 ± 3	$-180 \pm 6$	-270 ± 9	-360 ± 11	ps/nm	
Residual dispersion slope @1550nm		0.010 ± 20%				
Insertion loss @1550nm	≤2.6	≤3.1	≤3.7	≤4.3	dB	
Polarization dependant loss - PDL		≤0.10				
PMD (1)	≤0.4	≤0.5	≤0.5	≤0.6	ps	
Non linear coefficient $-n_2 / A_{eff}$	T	1.5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> typical	- 1.9 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> max		1/W	
Fiber effective area @1550nm - A <sub>eff</sub>	-	15 min -	17 typical	X	m <sup>2</sup>	

Compensation for L-band			X		Unit	
Compensation distance	20	40	60	80	km	
Dispersion @1590nm	-126 ± 4	-252 ± 8	-378 ± 12	-504 ± 16	ps/nm	
Residual dispersion slope @1590nm		0.007	± 20%		nm <sup>-1</sup>	
Insertion loss @1590nm	≤2.8	≤3.6	≤4.4	≤5.2	dB	
Polarization dependant loss - PDL		≤0.10				
PMD (1)	≤0.4	≤0.5	≤0.6	≤0.7	ps	
Non linear coefficient $-n_2 / A_{eff}$	1.5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> typical - 1.9 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> max				1/W	
Fiber effective area @1590nm - A <sub>eff</sub>	1	15 min - 17 typical				

(1) PMD is an averaged value over the specified wavelength range for each band using the Jones Matrix method

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#### ORDERING INFO

Please contact your Sales Manager. 3SPGroup can also develop custom products to meet a wide range of technical requirements.

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